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Fundamentals of Ethiopia's Industrialization

- Private sector is the engine of the industrial development
- Agricultural led industrialization to create the linkages for sustained transformation
- Exports as an important part of creating a competitive industrial sector
- Focus on the labor intensive industries to exploit comparative advantage
- Encouragement of foreign direct investment and domestic investment
- Government continuing to play an influential coordinating role
- Active participation of the public and the whole society
- Macro-economic stability;
- modern financial system;
- Internationally competitive infrastructure;
- educated and skilled labor force;
- Supporting institutions for high governance standards;
- Efficient, fair and independent judicial system
Strategic principles guided the plans growth and Transformation plan (GTP)

Phase 1: Enhancing the productivity of major industries (2013-2015)

Phase 2: Diversifying and emerging new key industries (2016-2020)

Phase 3: Building up high-tech industries (2021-2025)
Ethiopia’s growth is Inclusive!!

Ethiopia is one of 5 countries in SSA with a Gini-coefficient less than 35.
‘Build an industrial sector with the highest manufacturing capability in Africa, one which is diversified, globally competitive, environmentally-friendly, and capable of significantly improving the living standards of the Ethiopian people by the year 2025’.
Prioritized sectors

1. Textiles and garments
2. leather & leather products
3. agro-processing
4. chemical and pharmaceutical products
5. metals and engineering
6. electronic products
7. petro-chemicals
8. biotechnology
9. packaging
Institutional set-up to support the private sector

Highest level committee (chaired by Our Prime minister)

Inter-ministerial cooperation

- Export
- Investment
- Competitiveness
- Customs and logistics
- Infrastructure and finance
- Input marketing
Thank you